

# XSTAT® INSTRUCTION



**CAUTION:** XSTAT is not indicated for use in the thorax, pleural cavity, mediastinum, abdomen, retroperitoneal space, sacral space, above the inguinal ligament, and tissues above the clavicle.



**CONSIDER** body substance isolation.

**NOTE:** If a Combat Lifesaver is available, direct them to assist.

01

**EXPOSE** the injury and assess the bleeding source.

**NOTE:** Clothing may need to be cut away to properly expose the injury.



02

**APPLY** direct pressure to the wound while gathering and preparing the applicator.



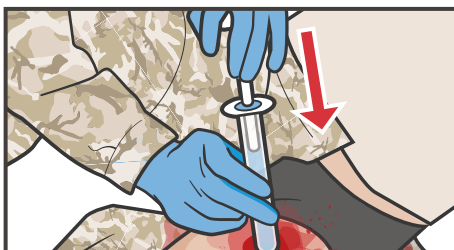
03

When using the XSTAT 30 **PULL** the handle out and away from the barrel until it stops and locks.



04

**INSERT** the applicator tip into the wound tract as close to the bleeding source as possible.



05

**INSERT** the plunger into the device if using the XSTAT 12.

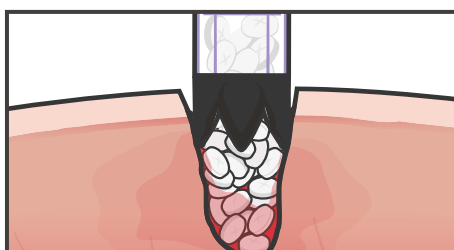
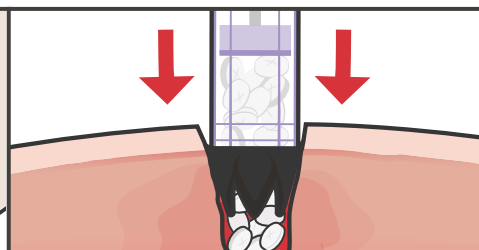


06

**FIRMLY DEPRESS** the handle to deploy the mini-sponges into the wound tract or cavity.

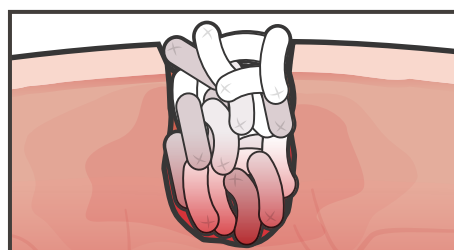
**NOTE:** If resistance is met, pull the applicator back slightly to create additional packing space and then continue to depress the handle.

**NOTE:** Do not attempt to forcefully eject the material from the applicator.



07

**PACK** the wound with mini-sponges, using additional applicators as needed.



08

**PACK** XSTAT into the wound to the same density you would gauze (1–2" above the wound).

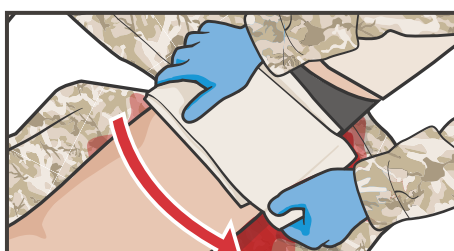
**NOTE:** The higher the sponge density, the higher the pressure exerted on the damaged vessel.



09

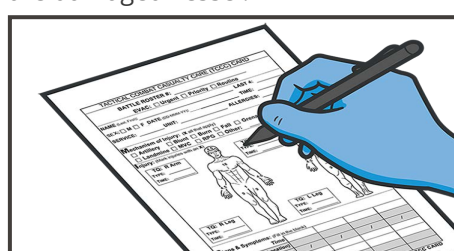
**APPLY** manual pressure for 3 min.

**NOTE:** Never attempt to remove the mini-sponges from the wound.



10

**COVER** the wound with a pressure dressing and monitor casualty for hemorrhage control.



11

**DOCUMENT** all findings and treatments on a DD Form 1380 TCCC Casualty Card and attach it to the casualty.